# sustainable japan

# How 'gastronomy tourism' could revive Japan's regions

Mayor of event host Mutsu sees 'great potential' for 'satoyama capitalism'

**ESG/SDGs** 

SOICHIRO MIYASHITA MAYOR OF MUTSU



Mutsu Green Hotel in the city of Mutsu, Aomori Prefecture, on Oct. 1 and 2. Hosted

A two-day

event, themed

"Gastronomy

Tourism," was

held at the

by the Sustainable Japan Network and the city, it was the third in a series of annual events on

topics related to satoyama (mountains and woods shared and maintained by residents of rural communities) that started

In the opening remarks, Mutsu Mayor Soichiro Miyashita welcomed the event participants from across Japan, saying he was both delighted and relieved to finally host the event after having to postpone it for two years due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

The event consisted of a keynote speech by Kosuke Motani, a co-author of the bestselling book "Satoyama Capitalism," which provided insight into the limitations of modern capitalism and the possibility of building a circular economy based on regional resources, followed by two panel sessions, three presentations

and a study tour to three of the destinations that Mutsu is proud of.

Mutsu was one of the earliest members of the Sustainable Japan Network and is known for its diverse efforts to invigorate the region on the Shimokita Peninsula.

"I am one of the readers who were deeply inspired by 'Satoyama Capitalism.' This concept makes great sense to me, as a person who has been living and working in a rural area that has great potential," Miyashita said.

He concluded his opening remarks by expressing his hope that the long-awaited event would provide an opportunity to deepen discussions among various stakeholders and create new values in the context of regional revitalization and sustainable actions.

Local products and experiences can draw more visitors: economist Motani

#### KOSUKE MOTANI

CHIEF SENIOR ECONOMIST, JAPAN RESEARCH INSTITUTE LTD.

Kosuke Motani, the chief senior economist at the Japan Research Institute Ltd., called in his keynote speech for the promotion of tourism that would truly benefit communities, especially those located in rural areas.

"Japan is one of the top country that travelers would like to visit after the pandemic, according to a survey," he said. Domestic travel also seems to be increasing recently. But at the same time, he warned that Japan should start thinking about how it can improve its tourism. "For the last 25 years, Japan's GDP and consumption stayed almost flat, which

means something needs to be improved," he said.

He said a clue can be found by looking at who the real competitors are in terms of trade. "Japan, which has continuously been achieving enormous trade surpluses with the United States and China as well as many other industrial nations, suffers trade deficit with countries like Italy and Switzerland," he pointed out. "And these are the countries that are committed to the principle of growing and consuming

locally." He said gastronomy tourism is the best approach for realizing this principle. "With selling local products to the outside, only the parties involved in the selling process can profit. But what if we could make people come to the areas of production?" he

said. That would allow visitors to feel and experience the area in addition to enjoying local products, and perhaps tempt them to stay longer and explore more.

"The key is to target individual travelers who want to travel as if they were living there, and cater to their needs for longterm stays, especially in the areas of transportation and food," he said.

## Branding regions with local products

MAIKO MURAOKA

CONTRIBUTING WRITER

The first panel session focused on three municipalities as examples of branding a region through local products.

Mutsu Mayor Miyashita introduced the richness of marine products that Mutsu boasts and spoke of the community's involvement in efforts to manage forests and in fostering a wide variety of seafood, including scallops in the mineral-rich water flowing into Mutsu Bay. He said the next challenge would be to think about ways to involve the local community to evaluate the true value of what they produce and price it adequately to profit through gastronomy tourism.

Keisuke Saito, the mayor of the coastal

Hokkaido town of Yoichi, about an hour's drive northwest from Sapporo on the Shakotan Peninsula, explained that the town is now putting efforts into

promoting local wines and tourism focused on wine, aiming to increase residents' incomes and enhance their civic pride. Yoichi has long been famous for its whisky production, but Saito said Yoichi's whisky tourism market is already mature. "About 70% of the tourists to Yoichi visit whisky distilleries," he said, emphasizing that rural areas are full of the seeds of growing industries that municipalities should invest in.



The city of Yamagata's Deputy Mayor Takashi Inoue touched on the role of destination management companies in bringing a community's players together to promote their area more effectively. "This is important in a bid to extend stays of tourists by connecting various destinations that are currently promoted independently. There is also a need to enhance public transporta-

## Helping the people making the goods

#### MAIKO MURAOKA

CONTRIBUTING WRITER

The second panel session focused on people who produce and promote local products.

Yoshihisa Kitamura, the representative director of the Sun Mamoru Winery in Mutsu, spoke of how it addresses community issues through its business. "Besides making wine, we are now making drinks from Kogyoku apples to save local farms that were about to go out of business because of falling apple prices," he said. They are also raising 90 Tankaku beef cows to preserve this local breed.

Koji Fukaya, the owner and chef of Restaurante Vascu in Hakodate, Hokkaido, said, "I witnessed a town being revitalized through food in the Basque Country in Spain, where

I served as apprentice." To realize this in Japan too, he organizes various forums gathering chefs, as well as an event called Bar-Gai which started in Hakodate, to pro-

mote local bars in various areas across Japan. Naoko Machida, CEO of AC Promote Co. Ltd., moved from Osaka to Hachinohe in Aomori when she got married. "I found the essence of human life in this rural town," she said. She engages in activities to promote the area and its delicacies while running a campsite. "Production and consumption are very close to each other, which is a value. People

from outside help the local people appreciate

that value too," she said.

Yasuko Shima, who heads Y Project Inc. in Oma, north of Mutsu, said, "In the last two decades, we came to realize that it was tuna — something we had taken for granted for a long time — that made people from outside so excited, and started utilizing this resource." Tuna offal is one of the things that only those who visit Oma can enjoy, because it does not withstand transport.

### From the voice of the students

The Shimokita Peninsula is shaped like an ax, and the village of Wakinosawa, blessed with nature, is located at the lower end of the blade. "We cooperate with the students of Wakinosawa Junior High School in many activities, such as dolphin watching and beach cleanups." said a student from the Dolphin Club, Wakinosawa Elementary School.

Dolphins chasing schools of sardines visit Mutsu Bay from May to June. "The amount of waste that we pick up during our beach cleanup activities is huge. We will continue our activities to conserve the beautiful scen-

FISHERMAN AND PRESIDENT OF KAIKYO

Toshimi Sato, a fisherman and the president

of Kaikyo Rodeo Ohata, a local group aimed

at promoting the area and its fish established

group's activities. Kaikyo means "strait" and

the town of Ohata is in the northern part of

Mutsu, overlooking the Tsugaru Strait. The

fishermen who belong to the group liken themselves to cowboys, comparing the fish

that live in the rough seas of the strait to

in 2018, made a presentation about the

ery of our hometown." the student said

The dolphin club was not the only one who gave some words at the event. Students from Ominato High School also joined and explained that through their study of Shimokita Geopark, the students learned about various efforts being made to promote the park, such as Geo Style Wedding, a "photo wedding" plan in which a couple celebrate the occasion only by having pictures taken in their wedding attire.

The Ominato high school students planned and carried out a photo shooting session with local models and business

but also various stakeholders, including the

local government, fishing cooperative, tour-

ism organization and community develop-

ment group, plus a temple and a shrine. They

organize fishing tours and competitions for

people to get hands-on experience, conduct

events such as a fish market to promote their

fish, and sell goods such as T-shirts with col-

orful designs of a fisherman riding a "bucking

the town, which is the source of nutritious

water that produces quality fish, which is

why we also participate in forest preserva-

tion efforts," Sato said. Last year torrential

"Forests and a river comprise the center of



Students from the dolphin club – THE JAPAN TIMES

operators such as a hairdresser. "Through this experience, we felt that

Toshimi Sato - THE JAPAN TIMES

ing with the restoration project.

local salmon hatchery, and the group is help-

"We want to continue serving fresh fish

nurtured by the nutritious water from the

forests while we show how Ohata's fisher-

men live and work and train successors in

this service provides a good opportunity to utilize the landscape we have and to promote the geopark." said one of the representative students.

## NTT's Sugatami platform will give cities the tools to grow healthy

### ESG/SDGs

MAIKO MURAOKA CONTRIBUTING WRITER

In recent years, concepts such as smart cities and sustainable urban development have attracted attention in discussions on community development. But there is little point in trying to define them in a way that works for any city, because every region is unique. Efforts should be directed at finding out what technologies and sustainable efforts work best for each particular community.

Sugatami, a new platform that will be launched by the end of the year by NTT Corp., a leading telecommunications company, serves as a set of tools to gather data that can be used to analyze what is necessary to maximize the attractions of any given city and its people's well-being. The platform's name tells what it is intended for: a sugatami is a full-length mirror (from "sugata," meaning "form," and "miru," "to see"). The platform helps each community evaluate both objective and subjective views of itself to find out what can be done to make it more attractive and comfortable in its own way.

Sugatami is part of an initiative that NTT started in 2020, the Sustainable Smart City Partner Program, which provides a platform for co-creation based on sustainability and autonomy involving all of a region's stake-the public sector and citizens — as well as diverse solutions, technologies and knowhow to better utilize the unique characteristics of each region.

Yojiro Onaru, senior manager of the Smart City, Strategic Business Development Division who participated in an interview with



Forum with junior high school students from Okazaki, Aichi Pref. NTT

The Japan Times with his colleague Wakana Matsumura, director of the same division, compared Sugatami to a health check. "Just like there are mental and physical health for a human being, there are different aspects to the health of a city. That's why Sugatami takes a comprehensive look at various factors, from residents' happiness and satisfaction levels to infrastructure," he said.

Sugatami encompasses over 100 indicators across 18 city functions — such as the economy, education, health, welfare, water and transportation — that have been set based on NTT's knowledge of various relevant global standards, including the ISO certification on models for sustainable smart communities, which NTT Urban Solutions acquired earlier this year. The indicators, and residents' satisfaction and priority regarding each of them, are measured through questionnaires and compiled into a report containing clear charts. Matsumura emphasized the importance of observing an area over time to find how changes occur. She also recognized the need to adapt some of the indicators and functions to suit an area's changing needs and external situation.

Prior to the launch, they worked with 9 municipalities of various sizes to create trial reports using Sugatami. This proved that Sugatami can help measure the gaps between each residents' needs and what the city actually offers, and visualize which issues need to

be given priority, according to Onaru. "Our goal is to work with the community to improve what really needs to be improved in that particular community to enhance the well-being of its people," Matsumura said. She explained that they are not trying to define a single ideal model of a city. "Sugatami is not some sort of ranking or standards that cities are expected to meet. The 'cobweb charts' can be imbalanced. Even if a chart shows a weak point, no improvement may be necessary if the result of the questionnaire proves that citizens are not concerned about it." She said Sugatami is intended to serve as a tool to understand the current state of a city, a necessary step toward starting discussions between its residents and government about



Strategic Business Development Division NTT

what they want their community to be like, and then taking action. "And hopefully we can continue to engage with them and provide what we have to help them achieve their goals," she said.

Sugatami can also be used in education and human resources training. About 60 junior high school students used the data provided by Sugatami in activities to learn about their city, Okazaki in Aichi Prefecture, at a forum held in August. This resulted in positive feedback from students saying Sugatami had helped them discover their hometown's strengths.

Besides encouraging universities and citizens' groups to use Sugatami for their research and projects, NTT is incorporating it into the certification program it is building to develop human resources capable of serving as social designers for urban development (smart city planners.) The program also includes lectures provided in collaboration with the General Incorporated Association "Urban Design Center Initiative" founded by The University of Tokyo professor Atsushi Deguchi. Some of the lectures and workshops have already been provided to employees of NTT Group, and they plan to release the program

outside the company, SUGATAMIespecially to municipal governments.

NTT and the city of Mutsu are members of the sustainable Japan Network, a group of companies that cooperate with this newspaper in spreading information about sustainability in Japan. You can also be part of the Network, scan the QR code for more details.

#### The group consists not only of fishermen rains devastated the region, including the the local fishing industry," Sato said. Study tour visits vineyard, temple, bar

bronco" salmon to raise funds.

'Cowboy' fishermen promote town

aggressive cattle.

**TOSHIMI SATO** 

MAIKO MURAOKA CONTRIBUTING WRITER

On the second day of the event, about 20 people participated in a study tour to visit three locations by bus with a local tour guide who knows Mutsu inside out. The first destination was the vineyards of Sun Mamoru Winery, located on the coastal hills of Mutsu Bay. The participants tried picking grapes and learned how much work is required for growing them, from selecting which vines to trim to protecting the fruit from diseases and pests. They also visited one of the factories and tried various wines, including award-winning ones.

The second destination was Osorezan Bodaiji temple, on the shore of Lake Usori. The temple is worshipped as a place where the spirits of the dead gather and is famous as a pilgrimage destination for those who have lost loved ones. The surrounding hilly area, covered with volcanic rocks and with a heavy scent of sulfur filling the air, represents hell, creating a great contrast to the white beach of the volcanic crater lake, which is considered as representing

The last destination was the Shimokita Bar in the Plaza Hotel Mutsu, just across the street from Shimokita Station. Participants enjoyed a curry meal set named The



Destroyer Oyodo Curry. Mutsu is home to a Maritime Self-Defense Force base, and the bar serves curries based on recipes from MSDF vessels.

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